

The Yolo

VOL. IX.

WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1876.

NO. 23.

The Yolo Democrat.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, BY
WM. SAUNDERS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

TERMS:
One copy, one year, \$4.00
Six months, \$2.00
Three months, \$1.00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square (10 lines or less), first insertion, \$1.50
Each subsequent insertion, \$1.00
A liberal discount made from above rates for
quarterly or yearly advertisements.
Legal advertising at rates established by law.
Star notices in the local department, ten
cents a line for the first and five cents a line for
each subsequent insertion.
All transient advertisements must be
paid for in advance.

Carriage & Wagon Making

—AND—
GENERAL JOBBING!

THE NEW FIRM OF

BEACH & KNOX

F. A. KNOX. C. L. BEACH.

Have leased the well-known

ELLIOTT CARRIAGE AND WAGON SHOP.

And propose to carry on the business in
a manner that will be entirely satis-
factory to the public. They
will manufacture

ALL KINDS OF VEHICLES,
Carriages, Buggies, Sulkies,

WAGONS, Light and Heavy,
FARMING IMPLEMENTS, Etc.

All kinds of Woodwork and Black-
smithing warranted to give satisfaction.

BEACH & KNOX, Proprietors.
Woodland, November 18th, 1875. feb-3m

CACHE CREEK MARKET,

COTTONWOOD,

YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

FRED. N. HENRICH,

Dealer in all kinds of

Meats, Sausage, Lard, Bacon,

Hides, Tallow, etc.

To the Citizens of Yolo County and the Public in
general.

I would respectfully notify all lovers of good
Sausage and Bologna that I have just im-
ported from Ohio a new and improved
Sausage Meat Cutter, not a Grinder, like the
old style machine, but a Cutter, and I
am now prepared to take and fill all
orders for sausage of all kinds.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
I will manufacture my customers' meat into
Sausage at my own price, or retail.
COTTONWOOD, October 24th, 1875. feb-3m

DALE & CO.,

PIONEER MUSIC STORE,

No. 183 J ST., SACRAMENTO,

AGENTS FOR THE

KNABE PIANO FORTES

—AND THE—
PRINCE'S ORGANS!

FRENCH AND GERMAN ACCORDIONS.
New Music received every day. Instru-
ments tuned and repaired.

Berlin or Zephyr Woofs!
Embroideries; Silk, Cotton and Bunting
Flags!

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES!
TOYS AND FANCY GOODS in great variety
at wholesale and retail.
BASE BALLS AND BATS! feb-3m

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,

TEACHER OF PIANO,

ORGAN,

Guitar and Vocal Music.

Agent for Steinway & Sons, Decker Bros.
and Emerson Pianos, Mason & Hamlin's
and N. Spang's Organs.

A Selected Stock of Sheet Music.
Instruction Books, Music Folios, Best Strings,
Guitars, etc., always on hand at
Wholesale and Retail.

MASONIC BLOCK, WOODLAND, CAL.
mh3-3m

OTTO HANSON,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 105 J STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, Sacramento.

Has greatly reduced the price of

GENTS' CUSTOM-MADE CLOTHING.

GREAT REDUCTION
in all the Fashionable Materials.

A full line of GENTS' FURNISHING
GOODS of the best quality. mh2

CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

JOHN JACOBS, Proprietor.

A new proprietor proposes
to make this house First-Class in every
respect. It is all new and clean,
handsomely furnished, and in a good
location.

The Dining Room
will continue under the supervision of an
experienced caterer, and the accommodations
are such as to please guests and patrons in
every department. feb-3m

WOODLAND MEAT MARKETS.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., Proprietors.

Good Beef.

MUTTON, VEAL, ETC.

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.
Constantly on hand. feb-3m

A BARGAIN!

Dr. Ray's Fine Property

IN WOODLAND

Can now be bought at a Great
Bargain. The property con-
sists of Three Acres of Ground
with a good two story

HARD-FINISHED HOUSE

Of Ten Rooms and Brick Cellar; a Good Well
and City Water throughout the House; a
good New Barn

A Splendid Orchard!
With all kinds of Fruit; Winter and Summer
Apples and Peaches; 100 Almond Trees bear-
ing, also 20 or 30 Black Walnut Trees in full
bearing; also a Fine Vineyard of Choice
Grapes.

Price, \$4,000.

Apply to J. K. SMITH,
mh2-3m Woodland.

Boot and Shoe Store!

H. B. PENDEGAST & CO.

Having purchased the

San Francisco Boot and Shoe
Store, at Woodland,

Will from this time forward keep a
Complete Assortment of Boots,
Ladies' and Children's Shoes
OF ALL KINDS.

Having employed the best workmen that
can be procured, we are prepared to do Custom
Work as well as it can be done on the Coast.
Using nothing but the best of Stock, and
having Good Workmen, we guarantee a fit
and satisfaction.

REPAIRING DONE NEATLY.
Our friends and the public generally are
requested to give us a trial.

Woodland, April 15th, 1876. feb-3m

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

AND FANCY GOODS.

SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
Stationery and Musical Instru-
ments, Etc.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,

MAIN STREET,
COLLEGE BLOCK, WOODLAND,

In place to find an assortment in the above
lines, and to find the best of my stock, espe-
cially requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks,
Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical In-
struments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I
have all the Public School, College and Text
Books required; also Religious and Miscel-
laneous Works, New B. PENDEGAST & CO.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a
satisfactory manner and on short notice.
mh2-3m

BROOKLYN HOTEL,

BUSH STREET,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANJOSE

Adjoining the New Mercantile Library,
SAN FRANCISCO

TERMS: \$2 PER DAY.

KELLY & ANDREWS,

PROPRIETORS.

The Coach, plainly marked "BROOKLYN
HOTEL," will be at the Railroad Depot and
Steamboat Landings, to convey guests to the
Hotel, free of charge. feb-3m

HERMAN KUHN,

OPP. PORTER'S STORE,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

Dealer in all kinds of

Tinware, Stoves, Hoses,

WATERPIPPES AND PUMPS,
Roofing, Plumbing & Gasfitting.

JOBBER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Agent for the Celebrated *Mellin's Benger's*,
the Best in the Market.

HOUSE-CLEANING, KALSOINING,

WHITEWASHING, ETC.

GEORGE does all kinds of House-work,
Cleans and Puts Down Carpets, Etc., Etc.,
and is a thoroughly experienced and reliable
in the very best style.

Parties, Balls and Picnics
FURNISHED WITH

ICE-CREAM!
At as low rates as can be had in
Sacramento.

Orders left at DENNIS VARIETY STORE,
Main St., Woodland, will be promptly
attended to by GEORGE CUTBERT.
mh2-3m

GOLDEN EAGLE

HOTEL!

Cor. K and 7th Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

This old, well-known and popular house has
recently been refitted and

Furnished in the Most Elegant
Style.

A. SITES, MANAGER.

To the Ladies of Woodland
and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the pub-
lic that he has moved and will himself in
Woodland and is prepared to weave Rag Car-
pets for all who want them.

PRICES:
Fancy patterns, per yard, 50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard, 45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard, 40 cts.

For Sale at Nicklesburg Bros'.
Orders left at Porter's Store will be promptly
attended to. feb-3m

PACIFIC SALOON!

Chris. Sieber, - Proprietor

Successor to H. Zirkel, deceased.

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars,
and respectfully invite all my friends and the
public to come and see me.

PACIFIC SALOON,

Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland.
feb-3m

J. L. Simpson,

DRUGGIST,

GALERAITH'S BLOCK,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

TOILET PERFUMES,
For the Handkerchief,

Hair Oils, Soaps, Hair Brushes,
ETC., ETC.

A FINE STOCK OF

School Books,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

STATIONERY,

Initial Note, Diaries, Etc.

ALSO, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Glass, Cigars, Tobacco,

LEGAL BLANKS.

Also, FINE PORT AND SHERRY WINES,
Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies,
COGNAC BRANDY,

Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum, Etc.
All of the purest quality for medicinal use.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at
all hours by a thoroughly competent druggist

J. L. SIMPSON
(Read & Magee's old stand), Main street,
mh2-3m WOODLAND.

L. Machefert's

JEWELRY STORE,

MAIN STREET, (UNDER CRAFT HOTEL).

GOLD WATCHES
For Ladies and Gents,

GOLD CHAINS,
Vest, Long, and Necklace,

AMERICAN & SWISS SILVER WATCHES

COIN SILVER CHAINS,
Latest Style Gold Sets,
EARRINGS AND PINS,
GOLD CUFF PINS,
SLEEVE BUTTONS,
GLOVE FASTENERS,
SHAWL PINS,
LOCKETS,

Gents' Gold Pins, Collar Buttons
and Shirt Studs,
DIAMOND, RUBY, EMERALD, AMETHYST,
ONYX, CANE, GARNET, PEARL,
PLAIN & ENGRAVED RINGS

Silver-Plated Spoons, Forks, Knives, Cake
Cards, Fruit Dish, etc., etc.

Coin Silver Spoons, Forks, Card
Cases, Trunk Cases, Etc.,

GOLD PENS AND HOLDERS,
Spectacles and Eye Glasses, in Gold, Silver,
Rubber and Steel.

Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Albums,
Chairs, Frames, Knives, etc., etc., gold,
Silver and Steel.

Florence Sewing Machines,
WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRS DONE
IN A SATISFACTORY MANNER.

L. MACHEFERT,
Main Street,
mh2-3m

TO THE LADIES

Woodland and Yolo County!

MRS. OGBURN,

MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER.

Having just returned from the Bay
with a full assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,
Of the Latest Styles,

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and
examine them, confident that she can please
in the future as well as in the past. She would
be especially pleased to have a patronage
heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully
request a continuance of the same.

N.B.—Particular attention given to
DRESSMAKING!

Also, Agency of the
New Weed Sewing Machine!

mh21 One of the most reliable in use.

AITKEN & LUCE,

PREMIUM PIONEER MARBLE WORKS

177 K ST., BET. 6TH AND 7TH,
SACRAMENTO.

Monuments, Tomb and
Grave Stones, Mantels, Table
Tops, Washstands, Etc., Etc.

All kinds of Work done in
Italian, Egyptian, Greek and
Vermont Marble. Marble at
Wholesale and Retail.

J. H. BROGAN,

AGENT AT WOODLAND

mh2-3m

SACRAMENTO

DYEING & SCOURING

ESTABLISHMENT,

JACOB LANG,

206 J St., bet. 7th and 8th,
SACRAMENTO.

Dyeing and Cleaning of all kinds of Silk,
Woolen and Mixed Goods, Kid Gloves and
Feathers Cleaned and Dyed after a new pro-
cess, without smell. Blankets and Furs
Cleaned. A Specialty—Gents' Clothing Cleaned
and dyed. The Color guaranteed not to run
out from white material.

MRS. OGBURN, AGT FOR WOODLAND.
mh2-3m

FOR SALE!

I offer for sale my place in Wood-
land situated on the Faberista
Tract, in ELLIOTT'S WESTERN AD-
DITION TO THE TOWN OF WOODLAND.

It embraces

Four Large Town Lots!

And is situated on the northeast corner of
the block. It has a house, good well of water,
with pump, good fence, shade trees, and a
lot of choice fruit trees just beginning to bear.
For particulars apply on the premises or at
this office.

W. W. WESLEY SMITH,
mh2-3m

LEWIS HANAGE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office over Sacramento Savings Bank,
Sacramento City. ap7-3m

W. C. WILSON,

DENTIST.

Office at American Exchange Hotel, Wood-
land. ap7-3m

J. C. BALL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY.

Office—Over Freeman's Store, Cor. First and
Main street, Woodland, Cal. mh2-3m

M. GARDNER, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal;
Member of the College of Physicians and
Surgeons, Ontario; Office, corner of Main
and College sts., opposite Ryann & Co's
drug store; residence third house south of
office. mh2

DR. E. A. GORDON,

KNIGHTS LANDING.

Offers his professional services to the citizens
of that vicinity. Orders left at W. A. Sub-
lett's Drug Store will be promptly attended to.
mh2-3m

ARMSTRONG & HINKSON,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Office, Fifth street, between I and J, ad-
joining Sacramento Savings Bank, [3m]
SACRAMENTO.

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.

Office—Over Bank of Woodland, corner of
Main and First streets.

Residence—Second street, between Lincoln
and Oak avenues. mh2-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal;
Member of the College of Physicians and
Surgeons, Ontario; Office, corner of Main
and College sts., opposite Ryann & Co's
drug store; residence third house south of
office. mh2

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Office at Court House, Woodland.

DR. A. FOUCH,

PHYSICIAN AND OBSTETRICIAN.

Is permanently located in Checheville. All
calls will receive prompt attention. mh2

PRATHER & BROTHER,

DENTISTS.

Nitrous Oxide (Laughing Gas) adminis-
tered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth,
Bank Building, corner Main and First streets,
Woodland. mh2

C. H. GAROUTTE,

W. R. TREADWELL & GAROUTTE,

SEARCHERS OF RECORDS

AND ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Special attention paid to business in the
Probate Court. feb-3m

R. S. MARSHALL, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.

Graduate of the McGill University, Montreal,
and Member of the College of Physicians and
Surgeons, Ontario; Office, corner of Main
and College sts., opposite Ryann & Co's
drug store; residence third house south of
office. mh2-3m

DR. E. L. FARRINGTON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Is permanently located in Woodland. Calls
promptly attended to in town and country.
Bank Building, corner Main and First streets,
Woodland. mh2

A. G. READ,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER

For Yolo County, I will attend and sell, at
public auction, all kinds of real estate, and
will be left at Simpson's Drug Store or at
this office. feb-3m

C. H. COGGINS,

ATTORNEYS

The Yolo Democrat,

With a Weekly Supplement.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF YOLO COUNTY.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Thursday, April 20th, 1876.

Democratic Municipal Caucus.

In view of the importance of the approaching Presidential Election, and the necessity of a return to the Democratic principles of economy in the administration of Government in all its departments—National, State and Municipal—and with a firm belief that these ends can be secured only by organization, calm deliberation and counsel, we the undersigned, call for a meeting of the Democratic citizens of Woodland to assemble at the Court House on

Tuesday Evening Next.

April 25th, at 7 o'clock, to nominate a full ticket to be voted at the Municipal Election to be held in Woodland May 1st, 1876.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

Woodland, April 20th, 1876.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION

Rooms of the Democratic State Central Committee, San Francisco, April 20th, 1876.

At a meeting of the State Central Committee, held this day, the following resolutions were passed:

That the State Convention shall be, and is hereby called to meet in Union Hall, San Francisco, on Wednesday, May 25th, 1876.

That the members from each Congressional District, to elect twelve Delegates to the National Democratic Convention, and nominate Presidential Electors.

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The Issue of Silver Coin.

The Secretary of the Treasury, has issued the following circular of instructions concerning the issue of silver coin of the United States, in place of the fractional currency:

WASHINGTON, April 18th.

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Treasury by the second section of the Act entitled an Act to provide for the deficiency in the Printing and Engraving Treasury Department, and for the issue of silver coin of the U. S. in place of fractional currency, approved April 17th, 1876, the several officers below named are hereby authorized, upon presentation at their respective offices for redemption of fractional currency, in sum of \$5 or multiples thereof, asserted by bona fide holders, and in amounts not to exceed \$100, to issue therefor a like amount of silver coin of the United States of the denomination of ten, twenty, twenty-five and fifty cents, and furthermore upon presentation for redemption at the office of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, in this city, of any amount of such currency properly asserted and in sums of not less than five dollars, the Treasurer is authorized to issue silver coin therefor to the amount of the currency presented, or he may issue his check therefor payable in silver, at either of the offices hereinafter named at the office of the party presenting the currency as far as may be practicable from time to time. Fractional currency redeemed in silver under these instructions by any of the Assistant Treasurers of the United States, in this city, the amount to be charged to the Treasurer's general account as a transfer of funds, and any amount of such currency for which silver has been paid remaining at any time in the cash of the several offices will be treated as coin assets, and in no case will such fractional currency be reissued. Fractional currency sent by express or otherwise to officers below named for redemption in silver under the provisions of this circular, should be accompanied by a letter of advice, stating fully the address of the sender and how the remittance in payment thereof is desired and if by Treasurer's check, the office at which the check should be made payable. The Government will not pay express charges on silver issued or fractional currency presented for redemption under the provisions of this circular.

The offices herein referred to are as follows: Treasurer of the United States at Washington; Assistant Treasurer at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Louisville, Charleston, New Orleans, Cincinnati, Chicago, San Francisco, Baltimore and the United States Depositories at Buffalo and Pittsburg.

B. L. HAYWARD, Secretary.

Too True.

Referring to the corruptions of the government and government officials, the Examiner not long since truthfully remarked that "There seems to be no abatement in the exposures of corruption in the public service. Day after day columns of the great Eastern dailies are filled with accounts of fresh revelations. No matter where you touch the body of the Administration, corruption and foul matter run out at the touch. The State Department is perhaps the soundest of all the branches of the Government, and yet even there, such exercises as Schenck at London, Seward at Shanghai and the peripatetic Newman shame us at home, and cover us with disgrace in the eyes of other nations. What a golden to the country was the Democratic majority of the House of Representatives. That body will be immortalized in the country's history for its efforts in behalf of purification."

REDEMPTION OF FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

The bill which passed Congress late in March for the redemption with silver change of the fractional paper currency of the country has been signed by the President, and is, consequently, a law of the land. It is thought that this will improve the value of greenbacks of larger denominations, and also bring silver back to its proper standard of par. In fact the scare of the past few weeks on this coast is already over, and silver passes current in all small money transactions.

A NEW PAPER MOVEMENT.

The telegraph brings the information that a call has been issued for a conference to be held in this city on the 15th of May to consider the formation of a new reform party. It is signed by Wm. Cullen Bryant, Theodore D. Woodley, Alex. H. Bullock, Horace White and Carl Schurz.

NEW PAPER.—Vol. I, No. 1, of the San Luis Gazette is received and shows upon its face that it is gotten out by a practical hand. The publisher is T. E. Garner—issued on Wednesday. The Gazette is Democratic in politics and its editorial matter is ably edited. May it prove a successful enterprise to the publisher.

ANTI-CHINESE COMMITTEE.

San Francisco has appointed Frank M. Pixley, Eugene Casserley and Mark L. McDonald delegates to present the Chinese question to the consideration of Congress.

TO ARRIVE.—The Emperor of Brazil is on his way overland for California, having left Chicago yesterday.

OPEN AND CLEAR.—The broad significance of the victory in Connecticut, the New York World declares upon the surface. The Southern States, Democratic in the last elections, cast 127 electoral votes. The Prossers, Democrats in the last elections, cast 12 electoral votes. The Metropolitan States, Democrats in the last elections, to-wit: New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, cast 50 electoral votes. Together these States cast 189 electoral votes, more than a majority. A candidate and a platform at the St. Louis Convention would satisfy the public sentiment, and would give the Democratic Administration to the country. The Pacific and these three Metropolitan States can be carried, and only be carried by a candidate whom the country can trust to reform the Federal Administration altogether, its vicious currency and its grinding taxation included. The path to victory is open and clear.

Coming Near the President.

The evidence being given before the House Committee on Military Expenditures at Washington, regarding the sale of post franchises, is revealing wider and wider circles of corruption. Up to this time the army has generally been regarded as the purest branch of the public service, though those who have moved much in military circles have heard of money from time to time. Now, however, we have one General after another entangled in the net of rascality and fraud, not to speak of United States Senators, Congressmen, and leading politicians. But the most significant piece of testimony yet given is that of Barrow, who alleges that he procured a post franchise direct from Grant, when the latter was General of the Army, upon a square and open proposition, to Barnard, and through him to General Grant, that he would give one-third of the profits for the position. Nor is Mrs. Grant much more fortunate than Mrs. Belknap, for she has not escaped the charge of having used her influence to procure a post franchise for a friend, and at least all the implications, appear to be identical with those of the Belknap affair.

It is to be observed that this is alleged to have occurred while Grant was General of the Army, and consequently before he was elected President, so that even if proved to be true, it is a more significant charge, and could not be made the basis for an attempt at impeachment. Of course it may be said that there is no evidence to connect Grant with the receipt of the bribe, and it is to be noted that the evidence, but if Barrow made his proposition to Grant, and Grant accepted it, as was proved by the receipt of the bribe, that he himself assigned Barrow the coveted position—there is, it appears to us, very little room for doubt that the man who granted the post franchise was not offered for the job, and that he did not hand over the whole to General Barnard. Even supposing what is not supposable, namely, that he did allow Barnard to appropriate it all, the fact remains that, as General of the Army he permitted, nay, encouraged, the sale of post franchises, though no man can have known better that every dollar of the purchase money was to be wrung from the pockets of the soldiers, and though no man knew better than he that the practice was fraudulent and dishonest. We confess that we do not see how the President is to escape condemnation on this head, supposing the evidence to be established, if Barrow is convicted of this crime, a sentence which contained this practice in the Secretary of War, certainly could not endorse it in the General of the Army; and neither could the actual pocketing of the money by his share in the shameful business be utterly inexplicable on any hypothesis consistent with belief in his uprightness.—Record-Union.

A Wife's Sympathy.

When John Adams had reached the goal of his honorable ambition, and had become President of the United States, Mrs. Adams wrote to him the following noble and truly wife's letter:

"You have this day," she wrote, "to declare yourself head of a nation. And now, O Lord, my God, I have made Thy servant ruler over the people. Give unto him an understanding heart, that he may know how to go out and come in before the people; that he may discern between good and bad. For who is able to judge this Thy so great a people? were the words of a royal sovereign, and not less applicable to him who is invested with the chief magistracy of a nation, though he wear not a crown nor the robes of royalty."

"My thoughts and my meditations are with you, and I personally absent; and my petitions to heaven are that things which make for peace may not be hidden from your eyes. My feelings are not those of pride or ostentation upon the occasion. They are solemnized by a sense of the obligations, the important trusts, and numerous duties connected with it. That you may be enabled to discharge them with honor to yourself, with justice and impartiality to your country, and with satisfaction to this great people, shall be the daily prayer of your A. A. M. The new mill with its appliances for screening, agitating and blowing up the pulp which the experienced old statesman, to nerve him up to the honest performance of duty according to his lights, and to strengthen the integrity of his character by the power under his new surroundings and temptations."

Mining Machinery.

We copy the following from an exchange as being of interest to mining and milling men:

We understand the Boston Mining and Milling Company, A. B. Brown, President, and James Brady, Superintendent, whose mine is located at Mokelumne Hill, have just purchased an improved Patent California Giant Quartz Mill. An experimental mill made of this kind, and which was used by the Adams mine near Jamestown, which is now doing good work, though not more than one-half the size of the latest improved mill. It saved more gold per ton than does more work in a day than any 20-stamp mill in this State, while its cost was not one-fourth the price of a 20-stamp mill. The new mill, with its appliances for screening, agitating and blowing up the pulp which the experienced old statesman, to nerve him up to the honest performance of duty according to his lights, and to strengthen the integrity of his character by the power under his new surroundings and temptations."

THE TERRIBLE HURRICANE IN FRANCE.

A hurricane has passed over Marseilles. Vessels were blown overboard, and their inmates more or less injured, and traffic on the quays was stopped. A military review at the Place was carried through, but not without great difficulty, as the wind was so strong and steady in the ranks, and such was the violence of the gale that it completely overcame the sound of the musketry. A number of trams were blown off the rails, and were upset. Several persons were driven into the sea, and drowned in presence of a crowd which was utterly unable to extend to them the slightest assistance.—Liverpool Courier, March 23d.

SACRAMENTO IMPROVEMENTS.

Among the most important of recent additions to the capital city is the large establishment of the California Carriage Manufacturing Company on the corner of Eighth and K streets. Messrs. Pritchard, Cowles and Zimmerman proprietors. The building is three-story besides basement, and has capacity for doing a large amount of work. Twenty-five or eighty men are now employed and more will be put on as required. The particular interest of the establishment is the manufacture and sale of the celebrated Doland & Schorl patent spring buggy, which for excellence is unsurpassed, if equaled by any other make extant, for which the company own the exclusive right for the Pacific Coast, and which is meeting with much favor and great sale. By the kindness of one of the proprietors we were shown through the building.

A Good House.

—Doubtless all our readers are aware that the dry goods house of Lipman & Co., Sacramento, is one of the very best in that city. At any rate it certainly is so, as all can satisfy themselves if they will call and examine their goods and prices.

New Mining Machinery.

(From the Sacramento Valley Agriculturist, Feb. 20th, 1876.)

We are pleased to notice that Messrs. Cowles & Cooper, of this city, have patented and are now building the California Giant Quartz Mill, which is the best, in our opinion, yet invented for reducing gold and silver ore. Its superiority consists in the following points: Great simplicity of construction and durability. It grinds as well as crushes the ore, and grinding wheel weighing 8 tons or 16,000 pounds.

The exceeding fineness with which it crushes and grinds, and the quantity—putting from 45 to 60 tons of hard flint quartz per day through a No. 50 screen.

The small expense of running, no wear and tear, and it requires but from 6 to 8 horse power to drive it.

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Thursday, April 20th, 1876.

Deeds, Not Words.

Not long prayers, but earnest zeal;
Not high sounding words of praise
But deeds that crown a man's grand name;
Not the poor from the famine's door,
But the poor from the famine's door,
From the famine's door.

Not high sounding words of praise
But deeds that crown a man's grand name;
Not the poor from the famine's door,
But the poor from the famine's door,
From the famine's door.

Worship God by doing good,
Work, not words, kind acts, not creed;
He who loves God as he should,
Makes his heart's love understood
By kind deeds.

Deeds are powerful, more words weak,
Battering at high Heaven's door,
Let thy love by actions speak;
Wipe the tear from sorrow's cheek;
Clothe the poor.

Be it thine life's care to smother,
And to brighten eyes now dim;
Kind deeds done to one another,
God accepts as done, my brother,
Unto him.

Speak gently! It is better far
To rule by love than fear;
Speak gently!—let no harsh words mar
The good we might do here.

Speak gently! Love doth whisper low
The words that true hearts bind;
And gently friendship's accents flow
Affection's voice is kind.

Speak gently to the erring; know
They may have sinned in vain;
Perhaps unkindness made them so,
On win them back to God again.

Speak gently! 'Tis a little thing
Dropped in the heart's deep well;
The good, the joy, which it may bring,
Eternity shall tell!

General Items.

The Chicago divorce last year make over
six columns in the Times.

Col. J. M. Stone has become Governor of
Mississippi, Ames having resigned.

The Rothschilds could pay the national debt
of this country, and have \$1,200,000 left.

Thirty-eight ladies and gentlemen graduated
during the last year at the State Normal
School.

Among the passengers from the east a few
days ago was D. G. Waldron, agent for the
Alleghenians.

The city census shows the population of
Philadelphia to be 114,451, an increase of 14,
806 since 1870.

In the Court of Commissioners of Alabama
Clarks, L. Dinkelspiel, of San Francisco, has
been awarded \$2,500.

A water-proof paper bag for grocers' use
has been invented. It will hold milk, oysters,
vinegar, or any liquid substance.

The bookkeeper of the Consolidated Virginia
Mining Company, in paying off the last workmen
last week, handed over two and a half tons of
gold.

An extensive vein of amethyst has been
found near Monticello, Va. Some of the stones
are very large and brilliant, and sell for \$100
a pound.

We see it stated that arrangements are being
perfected for the establishment of a Democratic
morning paper in San Francisco at an early
date.

James W. Hawkins, Sergeant-at-Arms of the
late senate, has died from him the gold-
headed cane presented to him by the members
of that body.

The House of Committee on Territories has
decided to strike out the words "New Mexi-
co," and give the new State the name of
Montezuma.

One of the happiest and most independent
of all human occupations is that of an intelli-
gent farmer, whose land is paid for and who
keeps out of debt.

Near Dollar county, Mississippi, the levee
of the Mississippi river broke away, forming a
crevasse 100 yards wide. This will overflow a
very large tract of country.

The appropriation bills for ten years have
never been so far behind as now. Some mem-
bers think the session will last till fall. The
Democrats propose to hurry.

A fresh report is started against ex-Speaker
Blaine that he received \$64,000 illegally of the
Union Pacific Railroad Company in December,
1871, and investigation is urged.

Albany, N. Y., elected a Democratic Mayor
on Tuesday last week by 1,600 majority.
The Common Council is a tie, and the Demo-
crats elect a majority of the Supervisors.

When Mr. Boecher first took charge of Ply-
mouth Church he was spoken of by jealous
ministers as a young Boanerges; and now
Bacon urges him to emulate his might.

The members of the San Francisco Produce
Exchange had a meeting on Friday and unani-
mously decided to accept silver, big dollars
and all, for fruit and produce of all kinds.

Miner Walden, convicted at Modesto for
felony in changing balances at the last gen-
eral election, was denied a new trial, and has
been sentenced to five years in the State Prison.

The greatest man in his who chooses the
right with invincible resolution who resists
the worst temptations from within and with-
out; who bears the heaviest burden cheerfully.

Senator Jones is said to be of the opinion
that the world's silver production has de-
creased instead of the contrary, and his
knowledge authorities in favor of his posi-
tion.

Thoughtfulness for others, generosity, mod-
esty, and self-respect are the qualities that
make a real gentleman or lady, as distinguished
from the veneered article which commonly
goes by that name.

This Sacramento Bee says: "Nobody refuses
trade dollars in that city at their face value in
payment of a debt of five dollars or less. The
people only want to know the law in order
that they might obey it."

The San Francisco Produce Exchange esti-
mates that on April 1st there was in Califor-
nia 1,214,800 bushels of wheat and 148,000 bar-
rels of flour, or a total of 65,000 tons of wheat,
of which 18,000 may be spared for export.

The navy yard investigation shows great
frauds in Secretary Robeson's management.
Fraudulent purchases of navy stores will be
proved, showing conclusively that he has
knowingly violated the law, and is liable to
imprisonment.

The Times publishes a call for the evidence
regarding the Becser scandal, issued by a
Committee appointed by the New York and
Brooklyn Association of Congregational Min-
isters. They most earnestly urge all persons
possessing to have evidence to present the
same.

Twelve thousand barrels of oil in the tank
belonging to Grandin & Nyhart, situated at
Bear Creek Station, Pa., was struck by light-
ning, burning the covering of the tank, and
throwing the burning oil over two adjoining
tanks, the three tanks burning, involving a loss
of about 450,000 barrels.

A Washington special says that if the three
bills regulating the pay of army officers, re-
ducing two, and transferring the Indian
service to the army, become law, a saving of
nearly \$7,000,000 will be effected in the army
estimates, besides over \$1,000,000 in the ap-
propriation for the Interior Department.

Mayor Bryant has addressed a letter to the
Presidents of the six Chinese Companies, ur-
ging them to send back to China the objection-
able women, to close up the gambling houses,
to turn the criminal element over to the legal
authorities, to live in cleaner and more roomy
quarters, and, lastly, to stop the influx of any
more immigrants.

Sacramento county is to have another sugar
manufacture, a company having that object in
view having been formed. The buildings are
now in course of construction on the ranch of
J. Pool, one of the pioneer settlers on the lower
Sacramento, and the establishment will, it is
hoped, be in running order in about three
months. It is designed to manufacture the
sugar from melons, it being held that there is
more saccharine matter in them than in beets.

The Santa Rosa Democrat says that during
the last five years Santa Rosa has grown from
a village of 1,000 inhabitants to a city of 5,000
or more. It has not been built up with cheap
and shabby constructed business houses and
dwelling, but it can boast of substantial and
costly brick blocks, neat, handsome resi-
dences, two colleges and public school
buildings, and the establishment will, it is
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BAKER & HAMILTON,

IMPORTERS OF

Agricultural

MACHINES & HARDWARE.

We are exclusive Agents for the following

Celebrated Machines, viz:

THE BUCKEYE MOWERS & REAPERS,

THE CHAMPION MOWERS & REAPERS,

THE HOLLINGSWORTH SULKY HAY

RAKES,

THE WISNER SELF-OPERATING SULKY

(This Self-Dumping Rake is the latest inven-

tion in this line.)

RAINES' GENUINE HEADERS,

THE BAIN HEADER WAGONS,

(This Wagon is without doubt the best in this

country. We have both Iron Axle

and Thimble Skins.)

The Pitt Buffalo Threshers &

Horse-Powers!

The Ames' Wood and Straw

Burning Engines!

Our Machines are all First-class. They have all

been Tested for Years. All the Improve-

ments Added as fast as Invented.

Farmers Try No Experiment in

Buying Our Machines!

EACH AND EVERY MACHINE IS THE BEST OF

ITS CLASS MANUFACTURED.

The Buckeye & Champion

MOWERS

Are the Best Mowers in the World. Nothing

is made to equal them.

THE PITT BUFFALO THRESHER

Has no equal in this or any other

country. It is the best

Thrasher made.

The Ames' Straw-Burning

Engines!

Are the Best and Cheapest in Market.

We keep in stock a full line of

Machines, Farm and

Spring Wagons, Plows,

Seed Sowers, Etc., Etc.

Our Goods are well and favorably known all

over the Coast. We also offer a

full line of

Hardware, Cutlery, Belting

ETC., ETC.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

ADDRESS,

Sacramento or San Francisco.

ap13

B. Dennis, Jr.,

SUCCESSOR TO

S. DAVIDSON,

Has on hand at his Great

Variety Store,

At the Old Stand, opposite the College,

Main Street, Woodland,

A Very Full and Complete Stock

of Goods.

SHEET MUSIC AND OTHER GOODS BRO-

CURED WHEN NOT IN STOCK.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY!

Musical Instruments,

Guns,

Pistols and Ammunition,

Nuts and Candies,

Tobacco, Cigars

And Pipes.

TOYS, FANCY ARTICLES, ETC.

I respectfully solicit the patronage of the

residents of Woodland and vicinity, believing

that I can please them both as to Goods and

Price.

mh16-3m

CHICKERING & SONS'

Piano-Fortes!

A Large Stock of these Cele-

brated Instruments may be seen

AT THE DEPOT IN THIS

CITY.

L. K. HAMMER'S,

220 J Street, bet. 8th and 9th,

SACRAMENTO.

The attention of the public is solicited for

the NEW PATENT EPICURT CHICKER-

ING, a beautiful instrument.

What Von Below Says:

of this instrument HANS VON BULOY

H. B. WOOD,

DEALER IN-

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

MACHINERY,

Hardware, Woodenware, Paints & Oils,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.

The latest improved Machinery and Agr-

icultural Implements, which he sells

at San Francisco prices.

Myers' Excelsior Gang Plow!

The Only Successful Burner

Yet Introduced.

Having secured the Exclusive Right to

Manufacture and Attach to Engines J. R.

KING'S PATENT STRAW BURNING AT-

TACHMENT, I respectfully invite the at-

tention of Threshers to it in order that they may

notice why it is Superior to all other Straw

Burning Engines. They are so constructed

as to burn Wood, Coal or Straw, and require one-

third less fuel than any other burner, can

be changed from either in five minutes, thus

avoiding the loss of time, and favoring thresh-

ers in localities where fuel is scarce, or where

the cost of fuel is so high, it is easy to keep up the

necessary amount of steam with straw as fuel, and

burn wood when it is necessary to burn

it. Boys with but little instruction have fired

them the whole season, and in many cases

the engine has done it and attended his en-

gine. They have given entire satisfaction in

every case, as the following, from among

many testimonials, will prove:

SUCKROCK, Oct. 4th, 1875.

Mr. J. R. King—Dear Sir: I consider it my

duty to state that the Straw Burner you at-

tached to my Header Engine is the best I have

ever used. It is easy to keep up the neces-

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STRAW BURNING

ATTACHMENT.

KING'S PATENT.

BUY AT BEN COHEN'S,

AND SAVE MONEY!

I have just returned from the Eastern

markets and will then purchase an

immense stock of goods in my line,

which I am daily receiving—

comprising all the

Latest Styles and Patterns in

Friendship.

False friends, like insects in a summer's day,
Bask in the sunshine, but avoid the shower;
Uncertain visitants, they fly away
E'en when misfortune's clouds begin to lower.
Into life's bitter cup true friendship drops
Balmic sweets to overpower the gall;
True friends, like ivy and the wall it props,
Both stand together, or together fall.

Money-Getting.

Yet in this thriving still misdoings some evil;
Best gaining gain on thee, and make thee dim
To all things else. Wealth is a conjuror's Devil,
Whom when he thinks he hath, the Devil hath
him.
Gold thou may'st safely touch; but if it stick
Unto thy hands it wondrous to the quick.

"Post-Mortem Love."

If you're ever going to love me,
Love me now while I can know
All the sweet and tender feelings
Which from real affection flow.
Love me now while I am living—
Do not wait till I am gone,
And then chisel it in marble—
Warm love-words on ice-cold stone.

If you're dear, sweet thoughts about me,
Why not whisper them to me?
Don't you know 'twould make me happy,
As glad as glad can be?
If you wait till I am sleeping,
Ne'er to waken here again,
There'll be walls of earth between us,
And I couldn't hear you then.

If you knew some one was thirsting
For a drop of water sweet,
Would you be so slow to bring it?
Would you step with laggard feet?
There are tender hearts all round us,
Who are thirsting for our love;
Shall we begrudge to them what Heaven
Has kindly sent us from above?

I won't need your kind caresses
When the grass grows o'er my face;
I won't crave your love or kisses
In my last, low, resting place;
So, if you do love me any,
It's but a little bit,
I'd rather know it now, while I
Can, living, own and treasure it.

A Tale of a Blunderbuss.

The writer of this was born in a house in the far West of Ireland. My father was what was then called a surveyor—now lengthened, I believe into civil engineer. His employment was to me mysterious and delightful. While I and my brothers were cooped up at home, learning our lessons, getting into scrapes, and being whipped, he rode gaily off to "the office" in town. How pleasant it was to be a man! No learning of lessons, no whippings or tears, no getting into scrapes—nothing to do but to please one's self; and yet, strangely enough, father often seemed to me as pale, and careworn, and weary, as if he had just finished "getting off" fifty verses, and was afraid the strap would be his reward.

As I grew bigger, the desire to know more of the great town, lying so near and yet so far, became so strong that I was ever dunning it into my father's ears. Why could I not go to town as he did? Why could I not at least go with him just once or twice? If he would only let me go, I would be so good. I would give him no trouble of any kind. I could ride behind him on the pony, and would not bother him so much as even to see that I sat safely. I would attend to all that myself.

Great was my joy when one day at last consented to my wish. Yes, rather than be worried by me any longer, I might accompany him to town. And as he had given in, the sooner he was over with the job the better. So to-morrow, the market day, the one chief day of all the seven, was to be the day in which I was to make my entry into that world of which I had dreamed such wondrous dreams.

Though longing so much for the great world, I was yet child enough to leap on my father's knee, and kiss him with delight at the glorious news. Then I ran off to bed, there to lie awake half the night picturing to myself the wonders I should behold on the morrow; in the other half dreaming that I was already an actor in the enchanting scenes that must ever be passing before the eyes of the dwellers in great cities.

By eight next morning, Mick O'Hara was standing with the pony at the front door, and father was just about to mount. But long before that time I had gulped down my breakfast, and was walking impatiently up and down the gravel path.

When Mick and the pony appeared I glanced at him reproachfully, for what seemed his long delay. But when he hoisted me up behind my father, and I felt we were at last moving on the long-looked-for journey, my vexation vanished, and I sang out cheerily:

"Good-bye, old Mick! I'll bring you something home from the town."

"Good-bye, an' thank ye, Master Dick. An' the Lord sen' you home agin safe an' sound!"

"Not much fear of that," replied my father, as he touched the pony, and we began to canter quietly over the lawn towards the gate.

"I hope not, sir—I hope not sir," replied Mick, while he ran alongside.

"But these is ticklish times, sir, an' many a decent 'sponsible gentleman's bin bate about these roads of late. There was Mister Purcell last week, an' Mister Doran the week afore. Aye, an' last night there was—"

"Nonsense, Mick," laughed my father, as he quickened the pony's pace. "They'd enemies, but I've none. There isn't a man in all Sligo County would hurt a hair on my head."

And the next minute we were out on the road, and Mick was turning slowly up again toward the house.

Whether or not I enjoyed the town after reaching there, I cannot say. My chief feeling was, I believe, one of bewilderment. The houses were so high, the streets so narrow and crowded, that I felt choked, as it were. I was delighted, and full of wonder, of course; but when, just at dusk, the pony was brought to the office door, I was almost as ready to return home as I had been to leave it a few hours before.

The day had been a long one at the office, and looking in my father's face I could see that he was not in a humor to talk, so I scrambled up behind him in silence, and we were about to start, when a voice of entreaty a little behind stayed us.

"Hold hard, sir—hold hard sir," came the cry. "Here's the instrument, sir."

Looking back, I saw a little man hurrying along the centre of the road towards us, and holding in his hand and waving up and down a something that shone bright in the fast departing light.

"Oh, ah, the blunderbuss," said my father. "I had forgotten it. Thank you, Connolly; you needn't have followed me with it. I could have had it on Monday."

"I promised it fur to-day, sir," replied the old man, panting, as he reached the pony's side, and held up the weapon. "An' I always like to keep me word. Here it is, sir."

"Thank you, Connolly. Good-bye," returned my father; "good-bye, boys, all. Get along, Dolly."

Next moment we were clattering away down the street that looked towards home, at a great rate.

When we were well clear of the town we slackened somewhat, for the road had grown dark. Then my father turned to me a little.

"Well, Dick," he said, "how have you enjoyed yourself, and how did you like the town?"

"Oh, papa, it was lovely," I replied, as I squeezed his arm; "and you're so good for letting me come with you."

"Lovely, was it?" he murmured, with a laugh which was half a sigh. "I'm afraid one day you'll see as little beauty in it as I do, and be as tired of it as I am."

Then he relapsed into silence; but the tone of his voice had been so kind to me that presently I made bold to speak to him again.

"Papa," said I, laying my hand upon the butt of the blunderbuss, which hung, mouth downwards, from his shoulder, "is this the old blunderbuss that used to hang in the hall at home, or is it a new one?"

"It's the old one, Dick, my boy," replied my father. "Clean or dirty, I wouldn't part with it for the best score of Queen Besses in the English army."

"Papa, I said, with something of a shiver, and yet feeling attached to the shining, cruel thing, "has it ever killed anybody?"

"Oh, yes; it has done its duty many a time," replied my father. "My great grandfather took it from the hand of a dead cateran on the field of Anghrim. It was then black and bloody, and it has done many a day's work since."

I shuddered, and shrank back from the evil thing so far as I could without losing my balance. My father felt the action.

"Don't be afraid of the poor thing," he muttered, half laughing—"it won't hurt you. And I do hope it may never more have any work to do."

"Ah!" I said, "I'll never go near or touch the nasty thing again. I'll—"

"Tut, tut," replied my father, "you talk like a girl! But hullo! here we are in the middle of the bog, and I intend to go the other road. That's what comes of gossiping."

Looking round, I recognized a part of the road over which we had passed in the morning. It was a sort of raised causeway, like a railway embankment, and ran right across the centre of a large tract of bog. It was the nearest way from our house to town, but was seldom made use of except in the daytime. Out of repair, unsheltered from wind and rain, and flanked on either side by a deep ditch, full of ugly, black, deadly-looking water, it was anything but a pleasant road to travel after dark.

In addition, an evil repute hung over it. Several lives had been lost in the ugly ditch on either side; and of late it had become notorious as a place frequented by agrarian criminals. This, of itself, was enough to deter most men; and my father halted the pony, and looked round.

"Ah!" he said, after a moment's pause, "it's all right. See, the moon 'll be out in a minute or two. Meanwhile, we'll jog on quietly."

Dolly knew the road of old, and stepped forward carefully. But scarcely had she gone a dozen yards, when, as if sprung from the bowels of the earth, or rising out of the black ditch, as Venus from the sea, a tall form—looking taller than it really was in the weird light—stood forth in the way.

Another step, and we saw that the figure was that of a man, dressed in a long frieze coat, and carrying an enormous stick or "wattle," so long that when used for resting it was grasped one-third of its length below the top.

"God save ye, sir!" said the man, stepping aside a little as we drew near.

"God save ye kindly," replied my father, as he swayed the pony a little to one side, so as to allow the man to pass.

But the man turned, and faced toward the way we were going.

"A very fine night, sir," said the man, as he edged nearer and nearer to the head of the pony, who seemed to have an instinctive desire to keep as far from him as possible. "A fine night, but rather dark for this road."

"Oh, there will soon be plenty of light," replied my father. "Besides, I know this road very well, and have proved it in many a darker night."

"True for ye, sir," replied the man, with another accession of love for being near the head of the pony. "But there's worse things nor the dark night to be afraid of on this road."

"Indeed?" said my father, as his right arm gradually slipped round to his back, and his hand grasped and drew on to his right knee the barrel of the blunderbuss.

"Yis; an' I wonder ye're not afeard," said the man. "Didn't ye hear how they trated Purcell, the malemonger, a few days ago, an' what they done to ould Doran of Ballymaturk? Yis; there's worse things nor the dark night about here, I can tell you."

"True for ye," replied my father, in a bitter tone of mimicry of the man's voice and style, "an' you're one of them."

The man halted for half a step, and exclaimed—

"One or—"

"Look here!" cried my father, as he bent low over the neck of the pony, at the same time bringing round the mouth of the blunderbuss so that it gaped right in the face of the man—"this is what makes me not afraid of all the prowling villains in the country."

As he spoke, he regained his former position, and the moon, shooting from behind the last cloud that had hid it, flashed full on the polished barrel of the blunderbuss. The man staggered back an instant, then made a step as if he were about to leap the black ditch, and disappeared among the clumps of turf that dotted the waste.

"Hold!" cried my father, still in the same fierce low, quick tone. "Don't attempt to leave us!"

The man, as if moved by some power beyond his will, turned obediently, and stepped forward.

"Now, listen," continued my father. "If you attempt to move one foot out of the direct path, if you go a single step faster or slower than we do, if you whistle, sing, or make a noise of any kind that may be heard or seen by your murderous companions lurking behind those stacks of turf, I'll blow your brains out."

The man gave one quick glance over his right shoulder, saw the wide mouth and bright barrel of the blunderbuss bearing right down upon him, my father's hand grasping the look and my father's fierce eyes and white, stern face looking for the slightest sign of disobedience. He shivered, dropped his eyes to the ground and walked on steadily.

After this, no sound, save the pat of the pony's feet, the noise of the brogues, or the deep breathing of the man, broke the stillness until the bog was passed and the regular road was gained.

At this my father drew a breath of relief, and leaned back in the saddle. The man glanced quickly round, then sprang towards the fence by the roadside, bounded over it and disappeared.

Then my father grasped the reins tightly, leaned forward a little, and, for the first time for a year, Dolly felt the spurs. Ten minutes more, and the light was flying from the flints beneath her heels in our lane, and I could hear the joyful cry of Mick O'Hara as he flung back the gate, and we dashed on to the house.

"The Lord be praised this night!" cried Mick—"the Lord above be praised! Here at last, safe and sound!"

My father did not speak, but dismounted slowly, helped me to my feet, then flinging the reins to Mick, walked into the house, and laid the blunderbuss on the table in the parlor as softly as if it had been a child.

"This old piece has never done a better piece of work than to-night," he said solemnly; "for it has saved a life instead of slaying. But what do you think, Dick?" and he turned to me laughing—"there hasn't been an ounce of powder in that barrel for twenty years. If that fellow had only known, he might have laughed at us."

That old blunderbuss hangs above my fire-place now—one of the household gods no money could buy.

How to Find Out.

It don't require any astrologer, a medium, or a gipsy with a dirty pack of cards, to tell who any given person will marry. It is very simple—lies in a nutshell, and can be expressed in a very few words. They are these:

If a girl expresses a fondness for majestic men with large whiskers, make up your mind that she will marry a very small man with none.

If she declares that "mind" is all she looks for, expect to see her stand before the altar with a very pretty young fellow, who has just sense enough to tie a cravat bow.

If, on the contrary, she declares she must have a handsome husband, get the plainest person in the circle of her acquaintances, and declare "that is the man," for it will be.

Men are almost as bad. The gentleman who desires a wife with a mind and mission, marries a lipping baby, who screams at the sight of a mouse, and hides her face when she hears a sudden knock at the door.

And the gentleman who dreads anything like strong-mindedness, exults in the fact that his wife is everything he detested.

If a girl says of one, "Marry him! I'd rather die!" look upon the affair as settled, and expect cards to the wedding of these two people.

If a man remarks of a lady, "Not my style at all," await patiently the appearance of the name in the matrimonial column in connection with that lady's.

And if two people declare themselves "friends and nothing more," you may know what will come next. There is no hypocrisy in this, and such marriages are invariably the happiest.

People do not know themselves, and make great mistakes about their intentions. Love is terribly perplexing when he first begins to upset one's theories, and when there is such a fluttering there that it is hard to guess the cause.

Besides, man proposes and God disposes, and it is the "I don't know what," with which people fall in love, and not their peculiarities, which could be given in a passport.

SCOTCH BROTH.—Take four pounds of mutton—part of the leg is best—add one gallon of water, one teaspoonful of pearl barley, two carrots, sliced, two turnips, sliced, two onions, cut small, three carrots, grated, the white part of a large cabbage, chopped very small, and a small quantity of parsley. Season with pepper and salt. Let this boil very gently for three hours and a half, and at the dinner-table it will most likely, by all who are fond of soups, be pronounced excellent.

Those who know, say that the drawing done by the pupils in our schools is far more creditable to them than are their efforts at English composition.

Ingenious Dairy Contrivance.

A farmer showed me a small out-building, on a side-hill, with ice-house in the basement. He led the way into the room. "Here," he said, "I keep my milk." But there was no sign of milk in the room, and no furniture but a stove, chairs and table, without the least indication of any dairy appurtenances. Noticing my puzzled look, the farmer pulled gently on a rope that hung from the ceiling, and lo! a set of shelves, crowded with pans of milk and rools of butter, were elevated to a place behind the stove from out of the basement.

"In the Summer," the farmer said, "after I strain my milk, I lower it into the ice-house to cool; and in Winter it stands behind my stove. Thus I get at all time just such an equable heat as I want, and as is needed. My cream rises beautifully all seasons, and my butter is always sweet. Then any time, this room is as good a place to sit in, as my parlor; and we often sit here."

It was truly a most excellent way to ensure success in butter making, and I would commend just such a plan to my agricultural readers. Such a contrivance any carpenter can arrange, and it will far more than compensate the expense, in having good butter or cheese.

—Pittsfield (Mass.) Eagle.

In Outagamie county, Wisconsin, it has been ascertained from the threshers that in that county the varieties of wheat have yielded at the rates stated:

Diehl wheat, thirty-four bushels per acre; Fultz and "Russian wheat," (lately imported from Russia by a miller at the village of Neenah) each thirty-three bushels. The latter is a white wheat, said to be equal to the Fultz in standing the Winter, and therefore thought to be preferable. The variety of Spring wheat producing the largest yield was the Canada Club—thirty-three bushels per acre. Our correspondent states that, owing to the large yield of Winter wheat, a large acreage will be sown this Fall.

SOILING FATTENING CATTLE.—At a meeting of the South Deerfield (Mass.) Farmer's Club, President C. Smith related several experiments which he had tried to ascertain the comparative profit between fattening young stock in the barn in Summer and fattening in a hill pasture, the result of which was a large preponderance of evidence in favor of soiling, from the amount of nature saved and the healthy, thrifty growth of the animals; heifer calves, kept at home till two years old, instead of running in a large pasture, will be worth at least \$10 more for a cow.

THE rubbish which is left in the fields, in the orchards, gardens, etc., at the close of the season, furnishes hiding-places for a vast number of vermin. Eggs, larvae of destructive insects, and other pests find a safe refuge wherein to pass the Winter, in husks, stalks, etc., and upon or beneath pieces of bark, chips, weeds, loose boards, and in corners of out-buildings. If the rubbish were gathered, raked up, and burned, and buildings whitewashed, myriads of vermin would be destroyed and prevented from propagating.

SHEDS FOR CATTLE.—As a rule, it is not advisable to erect temporary sheds for farm stock. If owner of the farm, it will be found to advantage to build substantial barns with basements beneath for stock and plenty of storeroom above. This is not only warmer shelter, but it saves a vast deal of labor in carrying feed. Besides, for the amount of room furnished, a high building is always relatively cheaper than a low one. It costs no more to roof a building twenty-six feet high than one only ten or twelve. The first-named building will be ornament to the place and add to its selling value.

ENTERING THE GRANGE.—It has been suggested that the Grange should be introduced into Great Britain. The subject was discussed at the late meeting of the National Grange and the Master was authorized to appoint deputies to carry out this project. In accordance with his instructions he has named Mr. J. W. A. Right of Fresno county, California, as the first deputy to inform the farmers of the world in regard to the objects of the Grange, and the great work it is doing in this country.

THE members of the Avon and Storr Farmers' Club, England, have resolved to prosecute to conviction all persons discovered in acts of cruelty to birds. The acts of cruelty complained of consisted mainly in plucking wings and feathers of the birds while alive, the men in their defense stating that for certain purposes the feathers were more valuable when so plucked, on account of their retaining the brightness of their hues.

TO KEEP GREEN VEGETABLES.—Green vegetables must be kept on damp stones, covered over with a damp cloth. Beet-root, parsnips, carrots, and potatoes are best kept in dry sand during the Winter. Never wash them till they are wanted for use. Onions should be tied up in bunches, and hung up. Take and bury parsley in a jar during the Winter, or dry it, by hanging it up in a warm room.

THE Kansas Horticultural Society is urging the importance of State experimental stations for both agricultural and horticultural information. It is believed that private enterprise will cooperate to make these experiments be more perfect and to lessen the expense.

ACCORDING to the estimates of the Secretary of the New Hampshire Board of Agriculture, hawks, foxes, and other birds and beasts of prey destroy more than half the chickens and turkeys hatched out in the State.

A Reminiscence of Edwin Forrest.

A Washington correspondent of the Syracuse (N. Y.) Courier, speaking of several attempts which were made some years ago by Mr. Clark Mills, the sculptor, to cast an equestrian statue of Gen. Jackson, tells the following story of Edwin Forrest, as it was related by Mr. Mills:

"The great tragedian, who was then playing in Washington, expressed to Mr. Mills a desire to witness the process of casting. Mr. Mills said, 'Very well, I'll let you know, Mr. Forrest, when the metal gets melted next time, in season to come over and see it let into the mould.' So at the proper time Mills stepped over to Forrest's room at Willard's and told him all was ready. Several visitors being present, Mr. Forrest asked the privilege of taking them along with him, and Mr. Mills, of course assented. The party, mostly ladies, were stationed on a sort of platform from which they could look down into the pit where the mould was. The gates were lifted and the molten stream flowed in. Suddenly there came a loud report, as of an explosion below. The ladies shrieked and ran away, and even Mr. Mills dodged intuitively behind the grate. In the midst of all the commotion Forrest was seen standing serenely in his place as if nothing had happened. 'What are you all running for?' asked Forrest, looking around at the skeddaddlers. 'I reckon you would run, too, Mr. Forrest, if you knew the danger you were in,' cried Mr. Mills from his retreat. 'Didn't you hear the explosion?' 'I heard the noise,' replied Forrest, 'but I supposed that was a part of the play! He had not dreamed of danger, but, had the explosion been sideways instead of upward, it might have been the most real tragedy in which Forrest had ever acted.'

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY IN PAINT.—After years of chemical experiments a Chicago inventor has found the secret of combining liquid glass and pure asphaltum with other chemicals, under a high degree of heat, by which he has obtained positive colors in all tints, that never fade or change. It penetrates and fills the pores, petrifies the wood, and so hardens itself within the wood that it absolutely becomes fire and water proof, making its durability almost without limit. Its surface is elastic and cannot peel off. Water has no effect upon it; while its adhesiveness causes it to resist every kind of exposure. It protects metal from rust and effects of climate. For ships, boats, water-tanks, railroad cars, bridges, iron and tin roofs, it will prove invaluable. It has one remarkable quality of receiving a high polish equal to varnish, by friction only, which adapts it to panel work and fine painting. A general use must rapidly follow its introduction, and it is said to cost no more than white lead, while in every respect superior to it. These merits should make it a national paint.

SOME RICH PEOPLE.—Two remarkable bills of exchange appeared in the New York money market a few days since. They were for 300,000 francs each, drawn by the Astor estate on Hottinguer, of Paris, and endorsed by John Jacob Astor and the National Bank of Commerce. These bills were bought by August Belmont & Co., and in the course of transmission will probably go to the Rothschilds, of Paris, and receive their endorsement, and finally be accepted by Hottinguer. The combined wealth represented by the names that will be written upon these bills is something, we believe, without a precedent. The aggregate wealth of the Rothschilds is set down by eminent French authority at \$3,200,000,000; the Astors may be put down for \$250,000,000; the Bank of Commerce has a capital of \$10,000,000; August Belmont is estimated to be worth \$10,000,000, and Hottinguer \$25,000,000. This makes a combined wealth of three thousand four hundred and ninety-five millions of dollars.

STARCHING LINEN.—The following is recommended by a German journal: Make a liquid paste with good fine wheat starch and cold water, and then stir in boiling water until a stiff paste is formed, and immediately add white wax, or stearin, say about one ounce of wax to a pound of starch—the exact proportions, however, in any case can be determined only by experience. If it is desirable that the linen should be very stiff, powdered gum arabic may be added to the cold water with which the starch is mixed. The strained starch should be thoroughly rubbed into the articles after they have been well wrung out, after which they should then be placed between dry cloths and passed through the mangle, and then rubbed on an ironing board in one direction with a soft rag, to distribute any lumps of starch. Collars, etc., should be ironed dry with a hot iron and considerable pressure. The sticking of the iron may be prevented by drawing it while hot over wax, and wiping it with a rag dipped in salt.

THE DIFFERENCE.—An Englishman at Chicago writes the following: "What first strikes the stranger is the unaccountable difference between the cost of living in America and the prices of the first necessities of life. An average head of cattle that can be bought here for \$25 would cost as much as \$90 or \$100 in the old country. A hog can be bought for \$9 or \$10, or at retail for about eight or nine cents a pound, one-third of the English price. The same is true with bread and vegetables. Yet living here costs three or four times as much as in England. There must be evidently something utterly wrong in the very basis of the social and economical organization."